

Who's that?

She's my niece
– my brother's daughter.

G possessive 's, Whose...? V family P /w/, the letter o

1 **GRAMMAR** possessive 's, Whose...?

- a Look at the title of the article and the photo of Doug. Who do you think his brother is? Do you think it's good or bad to have a famous person in your family?
- b Read the article. Now do you know who Doug's brother is? Does he like having a famous brother?

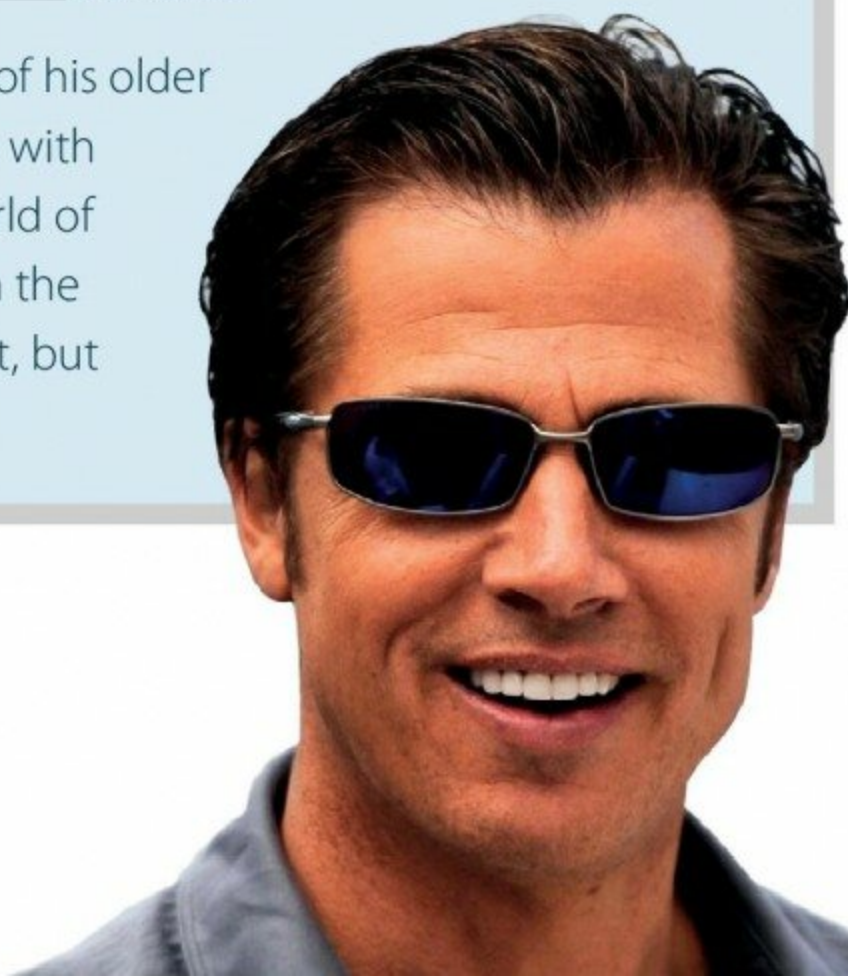
I'M NOT FAMOUS... BUT MY BROTHER IS

Doug is a businessman, and a photographer. He is also the founder of Care to Learn, an organization that helps poor children in the US do well in school. He's married with three children, and he and his family have a normal life. But for many people, he is always "_____ 's brother."

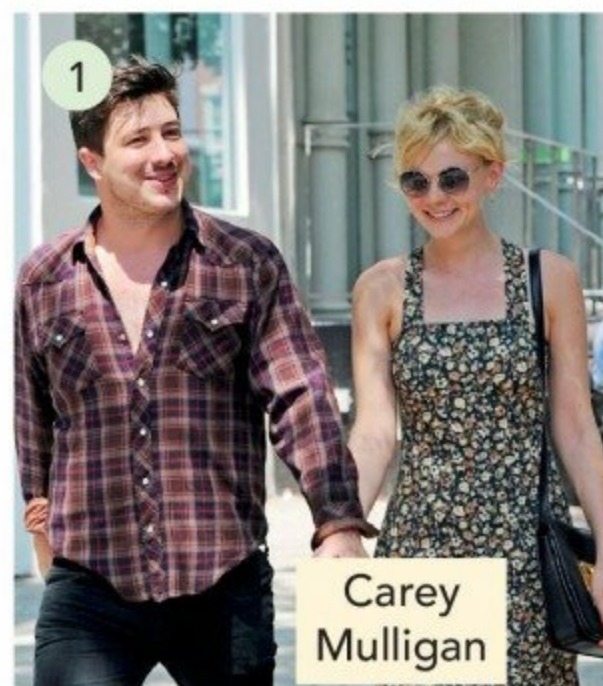
Doug's life can be difficult. People follow him on the street. They ask him questions about his brother, his brother's ex-wife, who is also very famous, and their six children. The paparazzi follow Doug's children and take photographs.

But it also has advantages. "I go to movie premieres and I meet famous actors. And when I call people and ask for money for Care to Learn, it helps when I say I'm _____ 's brother."

Doug is not jealous of his older brother. He is happy with his life. "I see the world of famous people from the outside. I can leave it, but my brother can't."



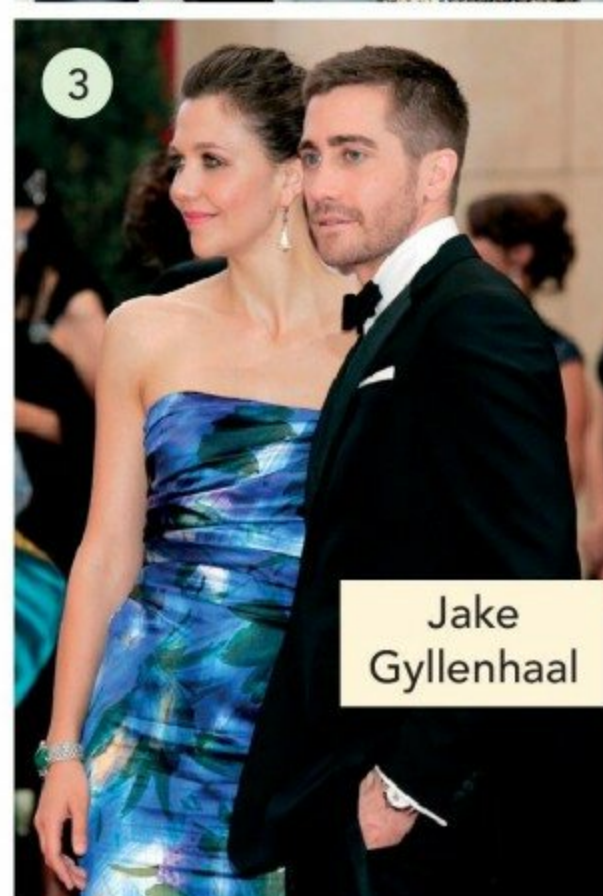
- c Look at some photos of actors with family. With a partner, choose a or b below.



Carey Mulligan



Meryl Streep



Jake Gyllenhaal



Will Smith



Mary-Kate Olsen

- | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------|
| 1 He's Carey Mulligan's | a husband. | b brother. |
| 2 She's Meryl Streep's | a sister. | b daughter. |
| 3 She's Jake Gyllenhaal's | a wife. | b sister. |
| 4 He's Will Smith's | a son. | b brother. |
| 5 He's Mary-Kate Olsen's | a father. | b husband. |

- d **4.1** Listen and check.

- e **p.130 Grammar Bank 4A**

- f Look at some things from the photos. Whose are they? Ask and answer with a partner.

Whose bow tie is it? (It's Will Smith's bow tie.)

a bow tie



a watch



a bag



glasses



a ring

2 VOCABULARY family

a **V** p.155 **Vocabulary Bank** The family

b In pairs, answer the questions.

Who's...?

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 your mother's mother | my <u>grandmother</u> |
| 2 your father's brother | my _____ |
| 3 your brother's / sister's daughter | my _____ |
| 4 your aunt's child | my _____ |
| 5 your husband's / wife's brother | my _____ |
| 6 your niece's brother | my _____ |

3 PRONUNCIATION /ʌ/, the letter o

a **4.4** Listen to the words and sound. Then listen and repeat.



up

mother brother son husband
uncle couple cousin



Remember!

The same vowel in English can be pronounced in different ways, e.g., o can be /ɑ/ (not), /ou/ (photo), /ʌ/ (mother), and /u/ (two).

b How is the letter o pronounced in these words? Put them in the correct column.

come do doctor don't go home hot job
London model money no one stop who



clock

doctor



phone

don't



up

come



boot

do

c **4.5** Listen and check. Practice saying the words.

d Practice the conversations with a partner.

- 1 A Who's that?
B My mother.
A She's very young!
B No, she's sixty-one. She's a doctor.

- 2 A Who are they?
B My brother and his son.
A Do they live in London?
B No, they don't.

- 3 A What's her job?
B She's a model. She earns a lot of money.

4 LISTENING & SPEAKING



a **4.6** Listen to Grace showing a friend photos on her phone. Who are Mark, Celia, and Miriam? Complete the first row of the chart.

	Mark	Celia	Miriam
Grace's...	boyfriend		
More information			

b Listen again. Write down more information, e.g., ages, jobs, where they live, etc.

c Work with a partner.

- A** Show **B** some photos of family or friends on your phone or write their names on a piece of paper.
B Ask three questions about each person.


Who's that?

(That's Yolanda. She's my sister.)

How old is she?



4A possessive 's, Whose...?

- 1 He's Brad Pitt's brother. It's James's laptop.  4.2
- 2 It's my parents' car.
- 3 "Whose bag is this?" "It's Maria's."
- 4 The end of the movie is fantastic. I live near the city park.

- 1 We use a person + 's to talk about family and possessions.
He's Brad Pitt's brother. **NOT** ~~He's the brother of Brad Pitt.~~
- 2 With regular plural nouns we put the ' after the s.
It's my parents' car. **NOT** ~~It's my parent's car.~~
- With irregular plural nouns, e.g., children, men, we use 's,
e.g., the children's room, men's clothes.

- 3 We use Whose...? to ask about possessions.
We can ask Whose bag is this? **OR** Whose is this bag?
We can answer It's Maria's bag. **OR** It's Maria's.
- 4 We don't usually use a thing + 's, e.g., the end of the class
NOT ~~the class's end~~, the city park **NOT** ~~the city's park~~.



's

Be careful with 's. It can be two things:

Maria's mother – 's = of Maria Maria's Spanish – 's = is

Whose / Who's


Who's = Who is, e.g., "Who's that girl?" "She's my sister."

Whose = of who, e.g., "Whose bag is this?" "It's Jack's."

Whose and Who's are pronounced the same /huz/.

4B prepositions of time and place

Time

in	on	at  4.13
the morning	Monday (morning)	three o'clock
the afternoon	January 1	noon / midnight
the evening	the weekend	lunchtime
the summer		night
December		
2018		


- We use *in* for parts of the day, seasons, months, and years.
- We use *on* for days, dates, and the weekend.
- We use *at* for times of the day and *night*.

Place and movement

- 1 He has lunch **at** work.  4.14
He works **in** an office.
- 2 He goes **to** work at 8:00.

- 1 We use *at* and *in* for place.
 - We use *at* + work, home, school.
 - We use *in* + other places, e.g., a house, an office, a room, etc.
 - We can use *in* or *at* with some public places, e.g., a restaurant, the movies, etc.
On Saturdays, he usually has lunch **in** / **at** a restaurant.
- 2 We use *to* for movement or direction.
She goes **to** the gym. **NOT** ~~She goes at the gym.~~
We don't use *to* before home.
go home **NOT** ~~go to home~~

4C position of adverbs, expressions of frequency

- 1 I **always** watch TV in the evening.  4.20
Do you **usually** sleep eight hours a day?
She **sometimes** plays sports.
She doesn't **often** go to bed late.
- 2 They're **hardly ever** late.
He isn't **often** stressed.
Are you **usually** in this classroom?
- 3 I have English classes **twice a week**.
She doesn't work **every day**.

- 1 We use adverbs and expressions of frequency to say how often you do something.
"How often do you cook?" "I cook every evening."
- Adverbs of frequency go before the main verb.
- In negative sentences, the adverb of frequency goes between *don't* / *doesn't* and the verb.
- 2 Adverbs of frequency go after *be* in \oplus and \ominus sentences.
In \oplus with *be*, the adverb of frequency goes after the subject.
- We use a \oplus verb with *hardly ever* and *never*.
He's **never** stressed. **NOT** ~~He isn't never stressed.~~
- 3 Expressions of frequency usually go at the end of a sentence or verb phrase.

4A

- a Look at the pictures. Answer the questions with a short sentence.



Whose laptop is this?

It's Ryan's laptop.

- 1 Whose cars are these? _____
- 2 Whose wallet is this? _____
- 3 Whose magazines are these? _____
- 4 Whose watch is this? _____
- 5 Whose glasses are these? _____

- b Circle the correct form.

Monica Cruz is Penelope's sister / sister's Penelope.

- 1 It's my mother's birthday / my birthday's mother.
- 2 That's her parent's house / her parents' house.
- 3 I'm tired when I go home at the end of the day / the day's end.
- 4 Those are friends' my sister / my sister's friends.
- 5 The door of the classroom / The classroom's door is open.
- 6 Those are the students' desks / the desk's students.

- c Complete with *Whose* or *Who's*.

Whose car is this?
Who's the man with dark hair?

- 1 _____ book is this?
- 2 _____ phone is that?
- 3 _____ your favorite singer?
- 4 _____ Kevin's girlfriend?
- 5 _____ bag is this?
- 6 _____ their English teacher?

← p.30

4B

- a Complete with *at*, *in*, or *on*.

on Saturday

- 1 _____ the evening
- 2 _____ September 22nd
- 3 _____ the summer
- 4 _____ 7:30
- 5 _____ night
- 6 _____ Wednesday afternoon
- 7 _____ the weekend
- 8 _____ January
- 9 _____ 2020

- b Complete with *at*, *in*, or *to*.

We go to school by bus.

- 1 Sorry, John isn't here. He's _____ work.
- 2 It's a beautiful day. Let's go _____ the beach.
- 3 Sally's boyfriend works _____ a factory.
- 4 My brother studies math _____ New York University.
- 5 I go _____ the gym on Tuesdays and Thursdays.
- 6 I work _____ an office.
- 7 We live _____ a modern apartment.
- 8 It's Monday. The children are _____ school.
- 9 My father is a doctor. He works _____ a hospital.
- 10 Jack isn't _____ home. He's with a friend.

← p.33

4C

- a Put the adverb of frequency in the correct place in the sentence.

They drive – they don't have a car. **never**

They never drive – they don't have a car.

- 1 I walk to work. **always**
- 2 Do you wear glasses? **usually**
- 3 I'm bored. **hardly ever**
- 4 She does the housework. **sometimes**
- 5 We go to the movies. **hardly ever**
- 6 Why are you late? **always**
- 7 My girlfriend is stressed. **never**
- 8 Does it rain in December? **often**

- b Order the words to make sentences.

always she at six up gets

She always gets up at six.

- 1 for late never I am class
- 2 eat ever fast hardly we food
- 3 what work you usually time do finish ?
- 4 parents out night often my go don't at
- 5 always brother lunchtime is my hungry at
- 6 don't homework always our we do
- 7 you work usually to do drive ?
- 8 hardly teacher angry is our ever

← p.34

The family

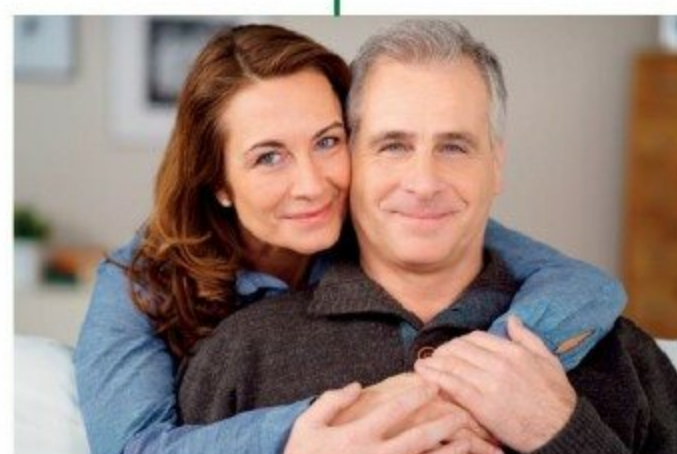
VOCABULARY BANK

a Look at the two family trees. Number the people in relation to Richard.

- 1 father /'fɑðər/
- 2 mother /'mʌðər/
- 3 brother /'brʌðər/
- 4 sister /'sɪstər/
- 5 daughter /'dɒtər/
- 6 son /sʌn/
- 7 grandfather /'grænfɑðər/
- 8 grandmother /'grænmʌðər/
- 9 aunt /ænt/
- 10 uncle /'ʌŋkl/
- 11 nephew /'nefju/
- 12 niece /nis/
- 13 cousin /'kʌzn/
- 14 wife /waɪf/



John = Jennifer



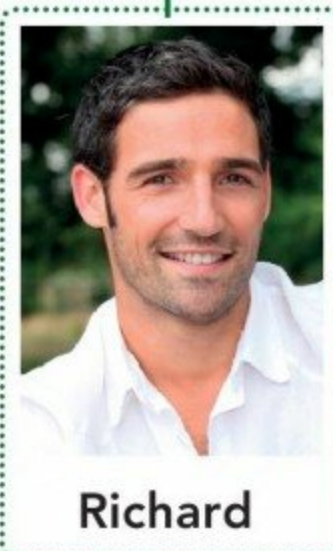
Carol = 1 Gary



Sue = Nick

b Complete 1–5 with children, couple, grandparents, parents, or parents-in-law.

- 1 my father and my mother
= my _____ /'perənts/
- 2 my wife's mother and father
= my _____ /'perənt in lɔ/
- 3 my grandfather and my grandmother
= my _____ /'grænperənts/
- 4 my son and my daughter
= my _____ /'tʃɪldrən/
- 5 a husband and wife
= a (married) _____ /'kʌpl/



Richard



Kate



Steven



Hugh



Sarah

c 4.3 Listen and check your answers to a and b.



More family words

my wife's mother = my mother-in-law
my husband's sister = my sister-in-law
my mother's new husband = my stepfather
my father's new wife = my stepmother
the person I am in a relationship with
= my partner



Richard = Emma



Kate = Christopher



Chloe



Jake



Ruby



Oliver

ACTIVATION Cover the words. In pairs, ask and answer.

Who's Jennifer?

(She's Richard's grandmother.)

Who are Sue and Nick?

(They're Richard's aunt and uncle.)

